
Give full reasons for your answer. State clearly any Theorem you use.

1. (3pt) Let A and B be sets. Show that $A \not\subseteq B \iff A \cap \tilde{B} \neq \phi$.
2. (3pt) Prove that if A and B are sets, then $\mathcal{P}(A \cap B) = \mathcal{P}(A) \cap \mathcal{P}(B)$.
3. (3pt) Show that there is no odd integer that can be expressed in the form $4m - 1$ and in the form $4n + 1$ for integers m and n .
4. (2+4pt)
 - (a) Let \mathcal{D} be the relation on \mathbb{Z} given by $m\mathcal{D}n \iff m$ divides n . Show that \mathcal{D} is **not** antisymmetric.
 - (b) Let \mathcal{R} be the relation on \mathbb{N} given by $a\mathcal{R}b \iff 3$ divides $a + 2b$. Show that \mathcal{R} is an equivalence relation.
5. (3pt) Let \mathcal{R} be the relation on \mathbb{Q} given by $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{Q} \times \mathbb{Q} : x - y \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. Find $\overline{\frac{1}{3}}$ (the equivalence class of $\frac{1}{3}$).
6. (4pt) Define a function $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ by $f(1) = 3$, $f(2) = 7$, and $f(n + 2) = f(n + 1) + f(n)$, for all $n \geq 1$. Show that for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $f(n + 6) = 4f(n + 3) + f(n)$.
7. (3+3pt) Let $f : \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ be a function defined by $f(m, n) = 2^{m-1}(2n - 1)$.
 - (a) Show that f is onto \mathbb{N} .
 - (b) find $f^{-1}(\{12, 35\})$.
8. (3pt) Let $A = \left\{ \frac{1}{3k + 1} : k \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$. Show that A is countable.
9. (4pt) Let A, B, C , and D be sets so that $A \approx C$ and $B \approx D$. Show that if $A \cap B = C \cap D = \phi$, then $A \cup B \approx C \cup D$.
10. (4+1pt) Let $A = (3, 4) \cup [5, 6] \subseteq \mathbb{R}$.
 - (a) Show that $A \approx (0, 1)$ **without using** the horizontal line test.
 - (b) What is the cardinal number of A ?